ADMINISTRADOR DE INFRAESTRUCTURAS FERROVIARIAS



MANAGER OF RAILWAY INFRASTRUCTURES

LUIS DORDA Gerente Operativo de Seguridad



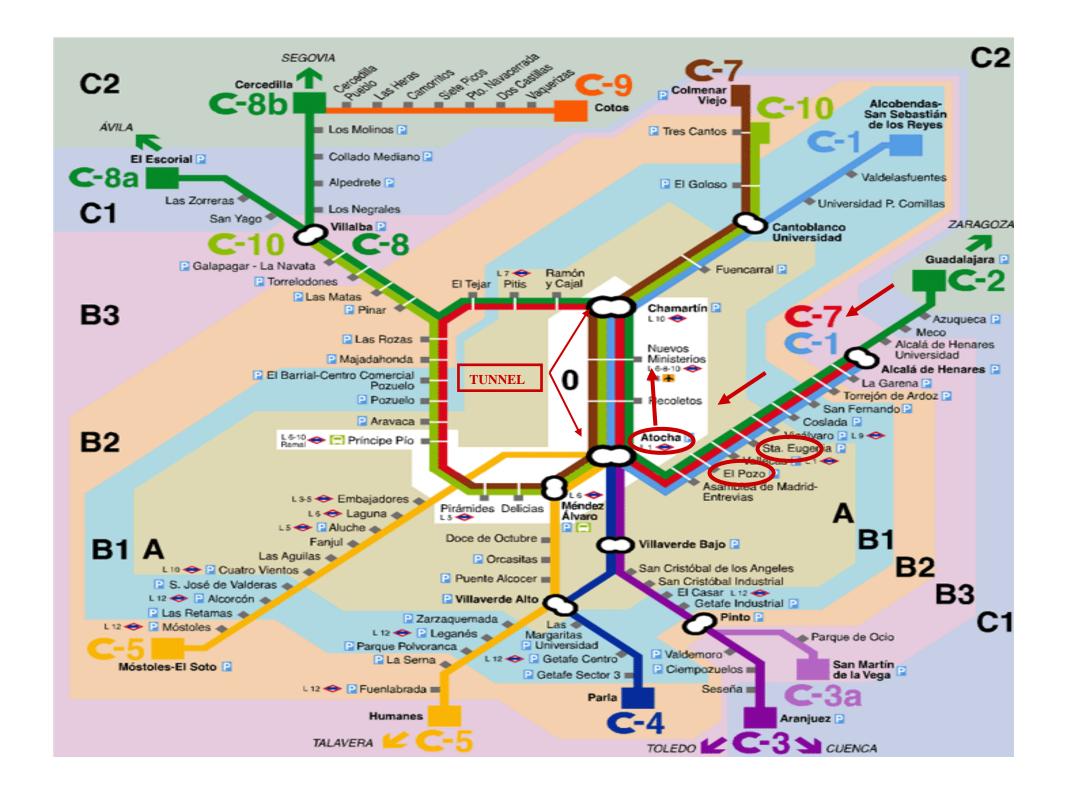


THE MOST BLOODY TERRORIST ATTACK IN SPAIN

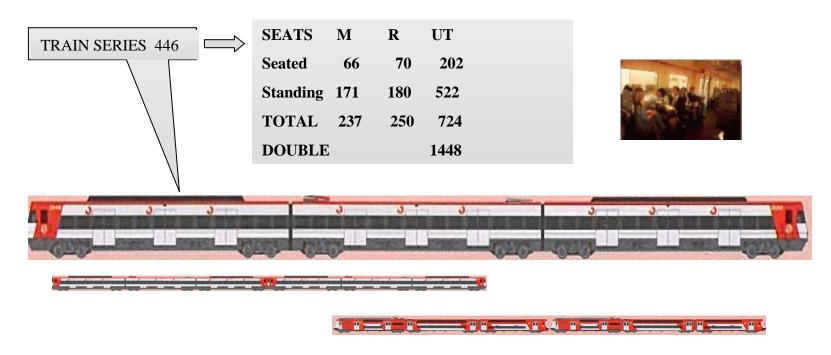
ON MARCH 11TH 2004,
THREE DAYS BEFORE
"GENERAL ELECTIONS"
TERRORISM STRUCK WITH
ITS MOST TRAGIC ATTACK
IN SPAIN



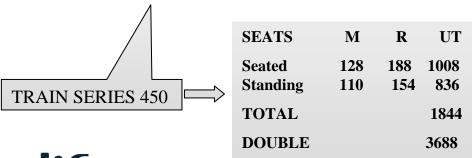




Trains and compositions used in short distance railway service











1. ATOCHA STATION

Train nº 21431

Alcalá de Henares – Alcobendas

Departures from Alcalá de Henares: at 07.00 am

Explodes in Atocha at 07.39 am

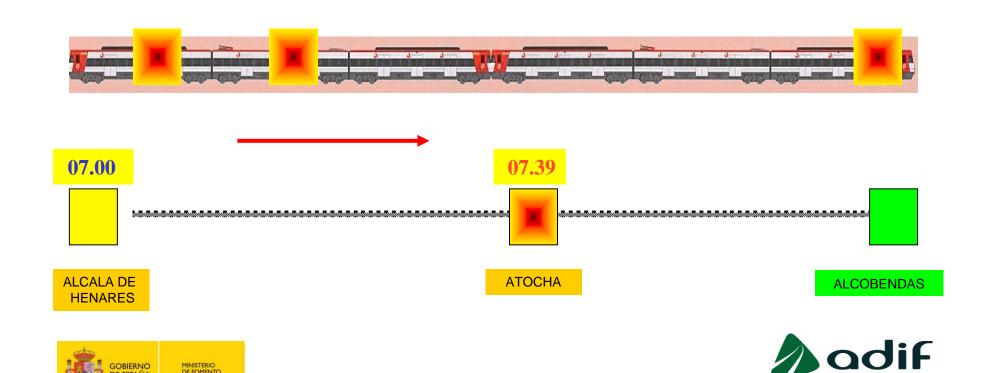




SHORT-DISTANCE TRAIN 21431

GOBIERNO DE ESPAÑA

29 PEOPLE DIED **INSTANTLY**



2. ATOCHA STATION

Tren nº 17035

Alcalá de Henares – Chamartín

Depatrures from Alcalá de Henares: at 07.05 am

Explodes in Atocha: at 07.39 am

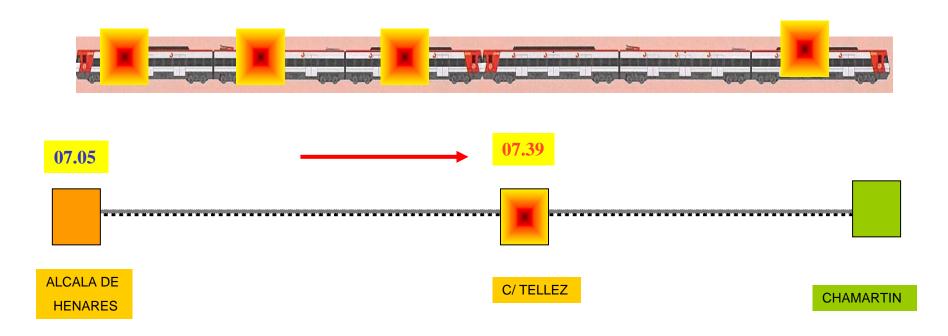
(in front of Tellez Street)





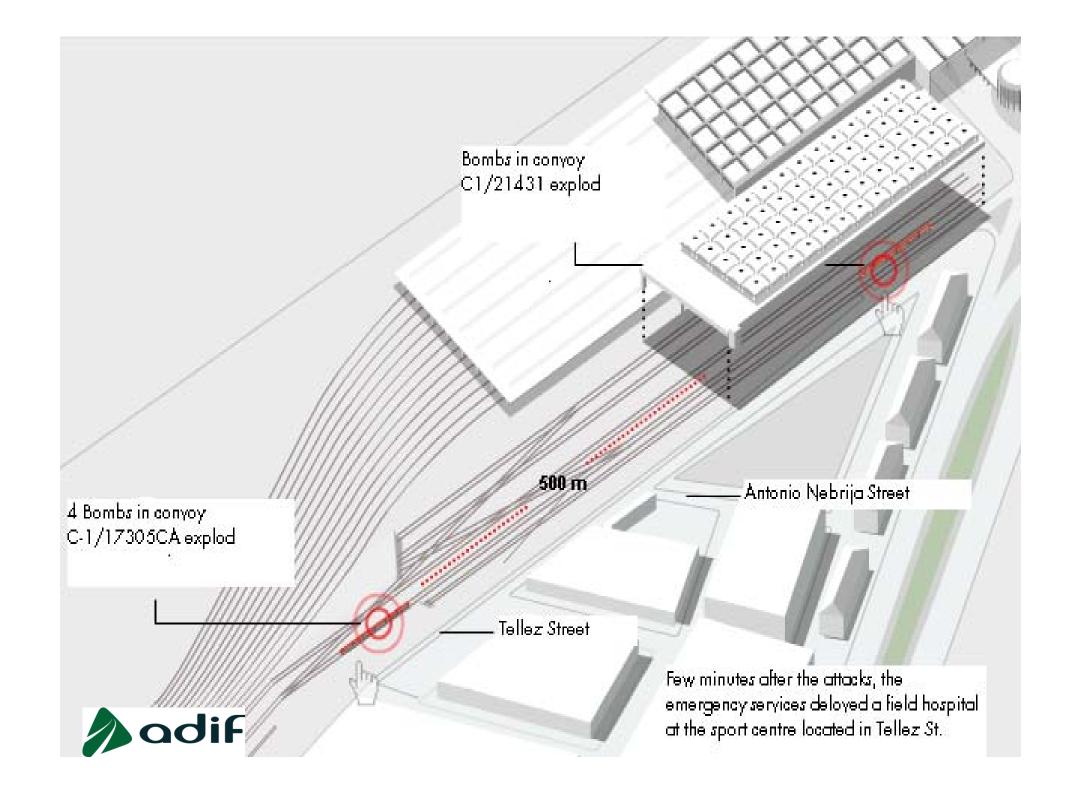
59 PEOPLE DIED INSTANTLY

SHORT-DISTANCE TRAIN 17305









MARCH, 11TH 2004

3. El Pozo Station

Train nº 21435

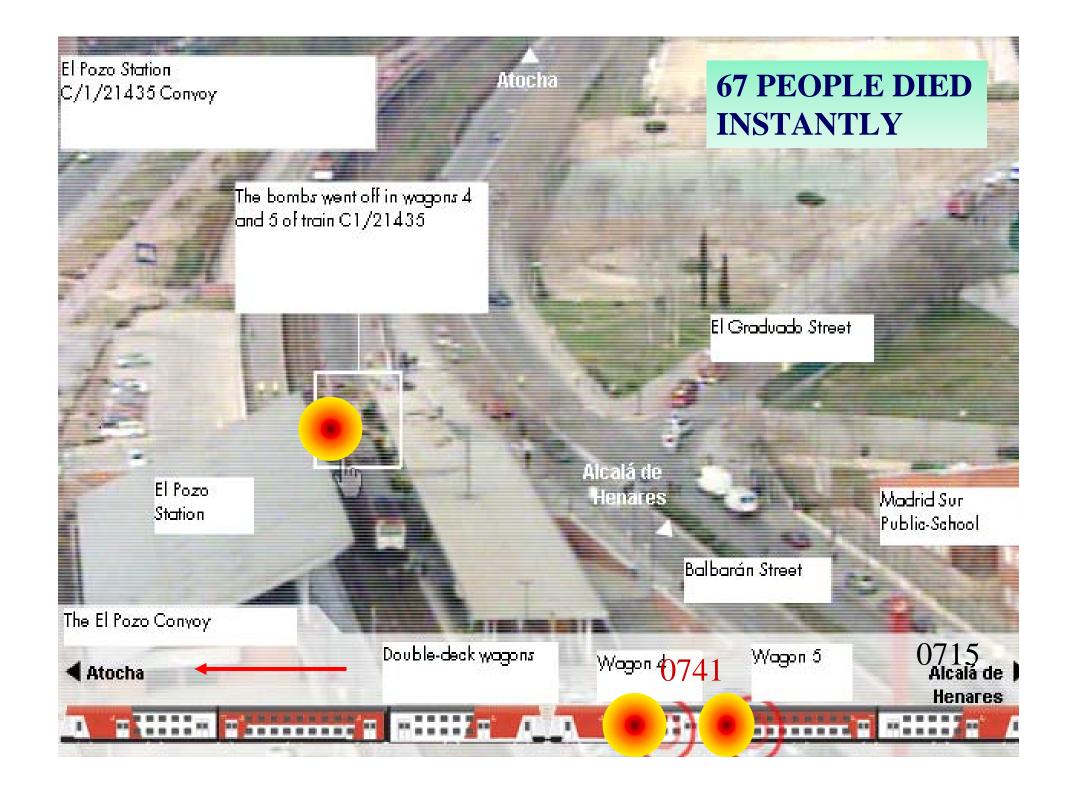
Guadalajara – Alcobendas

Departure form Alcalá de Henares at: 07.10

Explodes in El Pozo Station at: 07.41







MARCH, 11TH 2004

4. Santa Eugenia Station

Train nº 21713

Alcalá de Henares – Príncipe Pío

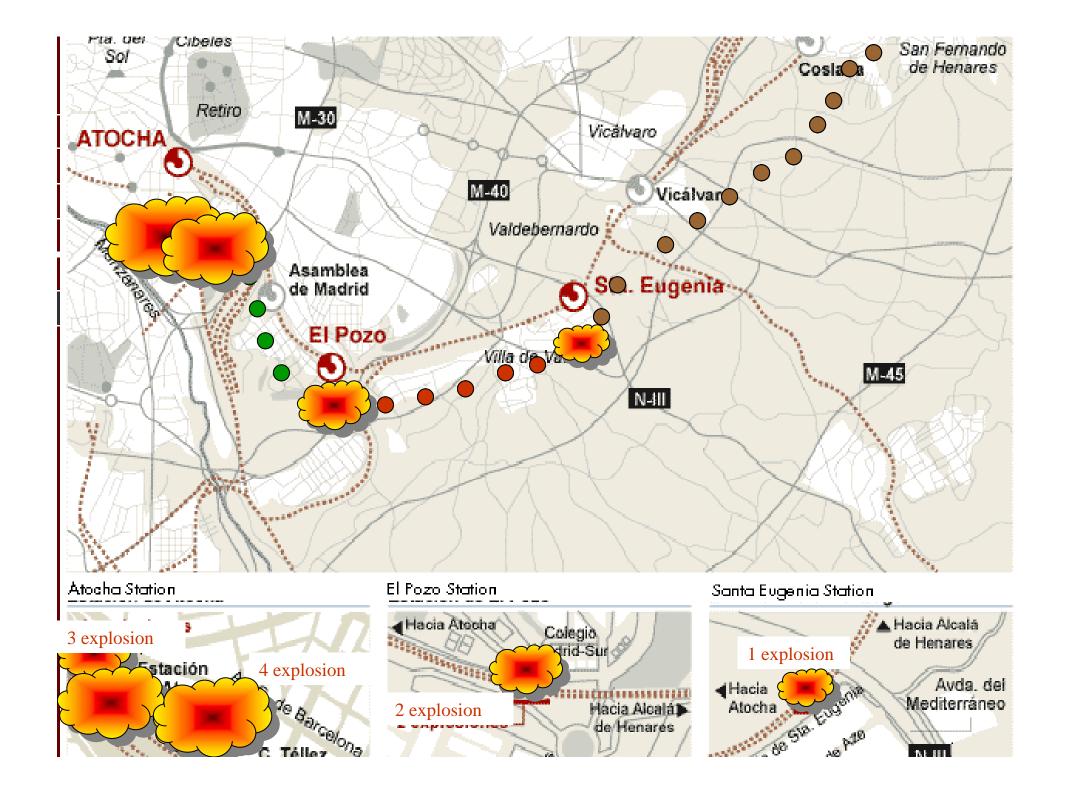
Departure from Alcalá de Henares: at 07.15

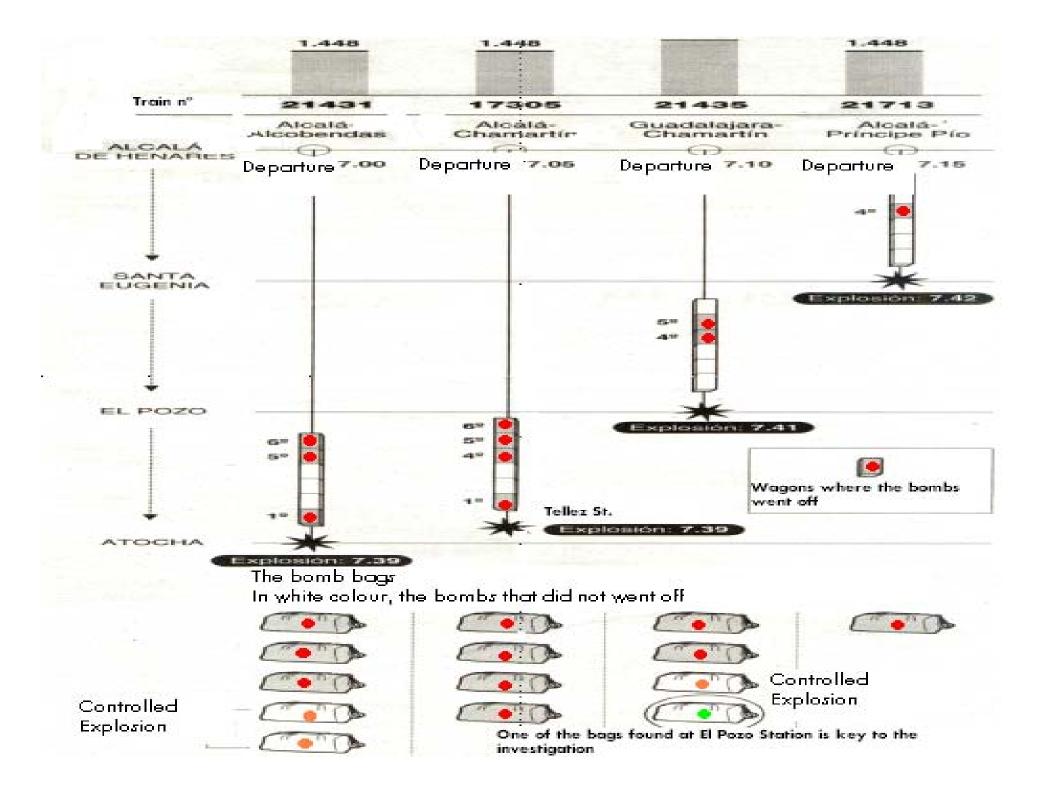
Explodes in Santa Eugenia: 07.42

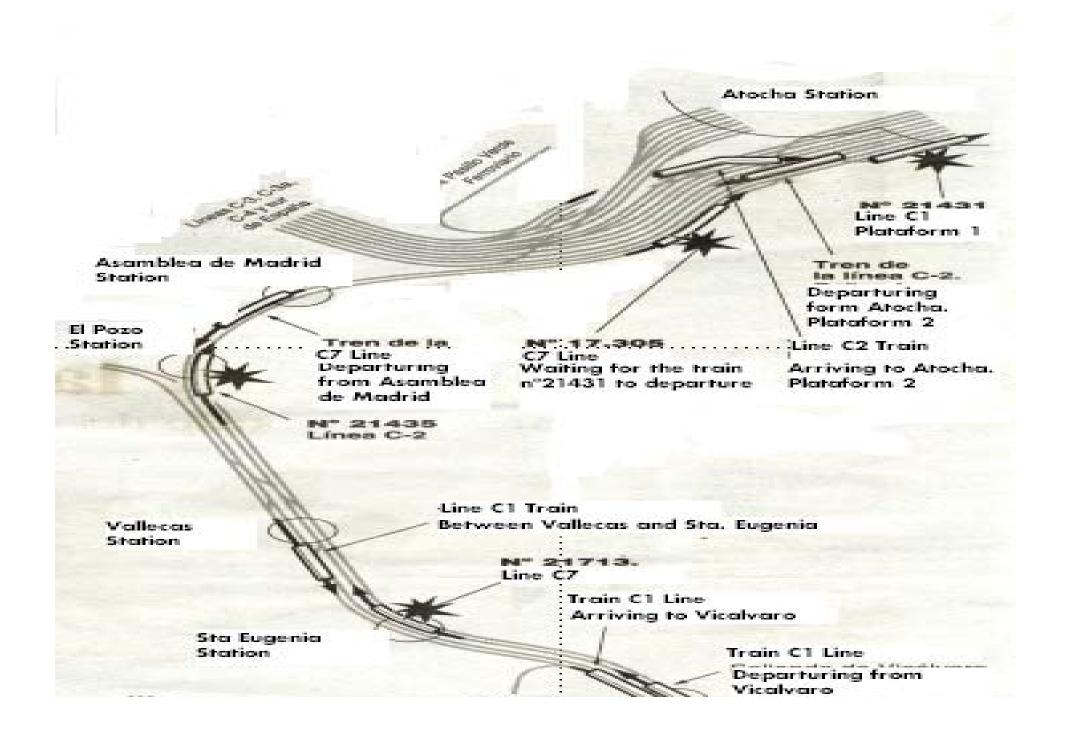




Sta Eugenia Station Convoy C-7/21713 the location of the 20 PEOPLE DIED explosion was in the INSTANTLY 4th wagon Sta Eugenia Station Atocha Sta Eugenia Convoy 0742 Wagon 4 **◀** Atocha Alcalá de Henares 0715



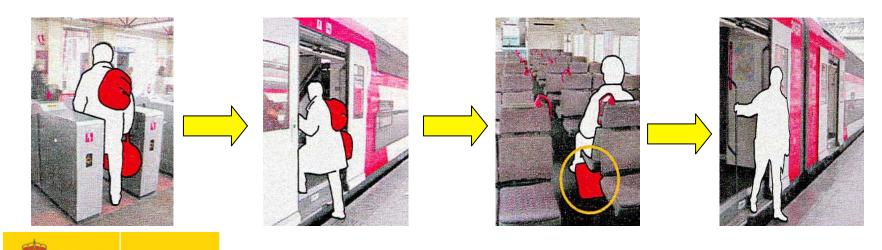






MINISTERIO DE FOMENTO







Some effects from the attacks on March, 11th 2004

- 191 people died in the attacks
- 51 mortal victims were foreigners
- Dead people were from 16 different countries
- 250 injured people were seen in-situ
- 2.062 injured people were taken to hospitals
- 70.000 professional sanitary personnel mobilized on that day
- 291 ambulances mobilized
- 347.279 less users of the short-distance service in March when compared to Fabruary.





THE BAG

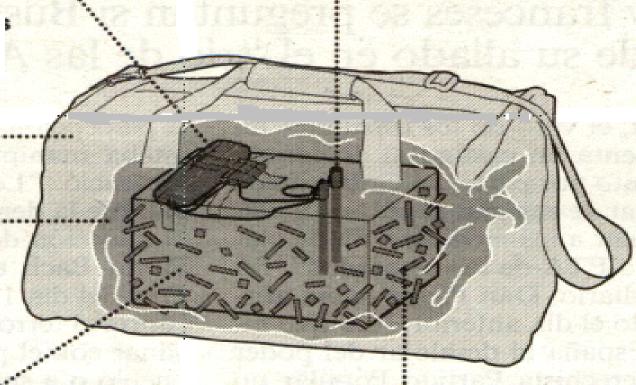
The Police removed it from the train at El Pozo Station, also passengers belongings. It was taken to Payilion 6 at Ifema. Afterwords the bag was moved to Vallecas Police Station, where it was uncovered.

"Mobile Telephone Motorola Triumph connected to the detanator for remote bomb activation.

Number 5 Cooper detonator made by Unión Española de Explosiyos (UEE) in Gadakao (Vizcaya) equal to those found in the van in Alcalá de Henares.

Sport-bag Blue colour with brown handles

Garbage bag Light blue colour



10,2 kilograms of dynamite (Type Goma 2 Eco). Conventional gelatinous dynamite made by UEE in Burgos since 1999

Shrapnel, 600gr made of nails and screws stuck to the explosive

COMPONENTS OF THE RECOVERED EXPLOSIVE ARTIFACT



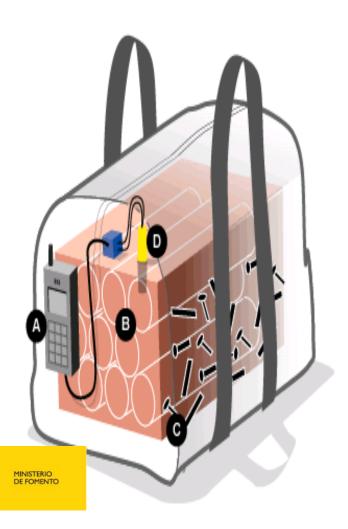






The bomb-bag that did not go off

Police found a sport-bag with explosives among the belongings of the victims at El Pozo-Vallecas Station attack. Afterwards, Tedax (special bomb squad) desactivated the explosive



- A Mobile telephone
- B Conyentional gelatinous dynamite
- G Shrapnel (sruck to the explosive)
- Cooper Detonator

The telephone receives a call or it is activated by its alarm mode. The electric impulse trayels along the wire up to the detonator that goes off when receives the electrical discharge, activating the explosive.

Detonation speed comparison

Dynamite

8.400 m/seg

Powder

■ 500 m/seg

Ammonal

■ 200 m/seg





